



HISUI Status Toward FY2019 Launch and Collaboration with Other Missions



翡翠

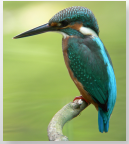
“HISUI” has two meanings in Japanese,
names of a mineral and a bird.



Tsuneo Matsunaga¹, Akira Iwasaki², Satoshi Tsuchida³, Koki Iwao³, Jun Tanii⁴,
Osamu Kashimura⁴, Ryosuke Nakamura³, Hirokazu Yamamoto³, Soushi Kato³,
Kenta Obata³, Koichiro Mouri⁴, Satoru Yamamoto⁴, and Tetsushi Tachikawa⁴

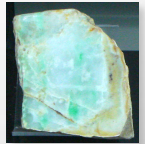
¹ National Institute for Environmental Studies (NIES), ² University of Tokyo,

³ National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology (AIST), ⁴ Japan Space Systems,



What is **HISUI**?

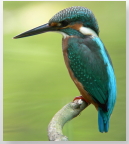
A Successor of Terra **ASTER**



2

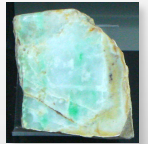
- **HISUI (Hyperspectral Imager SUite)** is a spaceborne hyperspectral imager being developed by Japanese Ministry of Economy, Trade, and Industry (METI) as its 4th spaceborne optical imager mission.
 - 1) OPS onboard JERS-1 satellite (1992 – 1998)
 - 2) ASTER onboard NASA's Terra satellite (1999 -)
 - 3) ASNARO (2014-)
 - 4) HISUI (2020 -)
- HISUI covers 0.4 – 2.5 μm region with 185 bands, 20 x 30 m spatial resolution, and 20 km swath. It consists of a reflective telescope and two grating spectrometers.
- HISUI launch is currently scheduled in **January 2020 by SpaceX's Falcon-9 (SpX-20)**.
- **HISUI will be deployed on Japan Experiment Module (JEM) of International Space Station (ISS) for three year operation.**



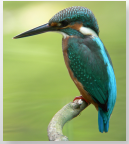


HISUI Specifications

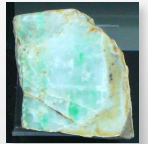
HISUI was originally designed for a dedicated satellite with 600 km altitude.
ISS orbit \approx 400 km altitude



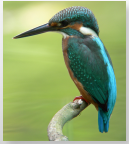
Parameter		HISUI Specifications
Imaging Type / Spectral Dispersion		Pushbroom / Grating
Spatial Resolution / Swath		20 m (CT) x 30 m (AT) / 20 km
Spectral	Range / Bands	0.4 - 2.5 μ m / 185 bands
	Resolution	10 – 12.5 nm
SNR (30% albedo)		≥ 450 @620 nm ≥ 300 @2100 nm
MTF		≥ 0.2
Dynamic Range		Saturated at 70% albedo
Spectral Calibration		VNIR : 0.2 nm SWIR : 0.625 nm
Radiometric Calibration		Absolute : $\pm 5\%$, among bands : $\pm 2\%$
Onboard Calibration Sources		Halogen lamp and filter wheel
Quantization / Data Compression		12 bits / Lossless (70%)
Telescope Diameter		≈ 30 cm
HISUI Exposed Payload (ExP) Dimensions / Mass		$\approx 2.3 \times 1.5 \times 1.6$ m \approx Nominal / Max 550 / 570 kg including Hyperspectral Imager (≈ 240 kg)



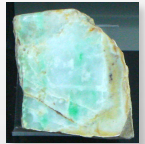
HISUI Chronology



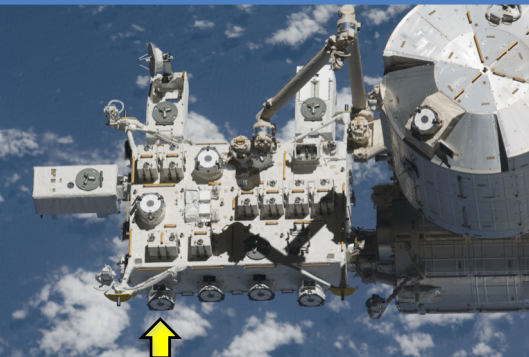
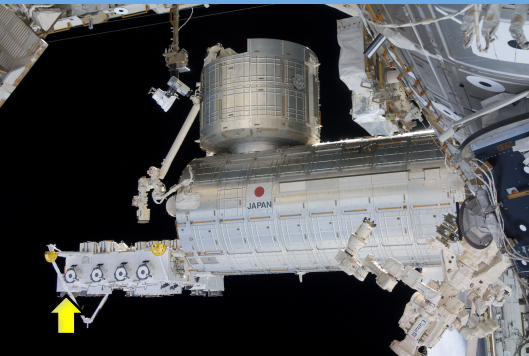
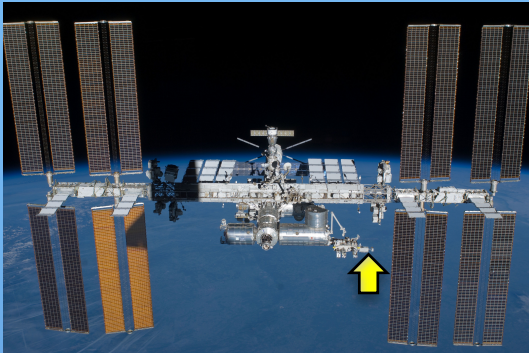
- 2018 “HISUI will be launched in January 2020 by SpX-20 flight.”
- 2017 “HISUI, without a cross track pointing system, will be launched in 2019 by Space-X’s Falcon 9 rocket.”
- 2015 “HISUI hyperspectral imager will be launched in 2018 and attached to ISS JEM EF.”
-
- 2014 “HISUI will be launched in 2018 or later. ”
- 2013 “HISUI development will be completed in 2016. ” “Discussions with satellites/ground data system providers are ongoing. ”
- 2012 “HISUI will be launched in 2015 or later. ”
- 2010 “HISUI will be launched in FY 2014.”
-
- 2009 “METI’s hyperspectral and multispectral sensor systemn JAXA’s ALOS-3 satellite will be launched by H-IIA rocket in 2013 – 2014.”
- 2007 “METI’s hyperspectral and multispectral sensor system onboard JAXA’s disaster monitoring satellite will be launched by H-IIA rocket in FY2012.”



HISUI Deployment on ISS JEM

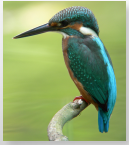


5

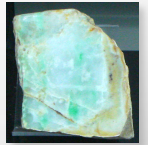


- HISUI consists of two components:
 - Exposed Payload (HISUI-ExP)
 - HISUI-Mission Data Recorder - Pressurized Module (MDR-PM)They will be delivered to ISS by Dragon / Falcon 9 cargo rocket(SpX-20) in January, 2020.
- HISUI-ExP will be attached to Port #8 of JEM Exposed Facility (EF) as a nadir-viewing instrument. It also has support sensors such as a gyro, two star trackers, GPS receivers, and a mission data processor.
- MDR-PM will be installed in JEM-PM.
- HISUI data will be partially transmitted to ground stations (≈ 10 GB/day $\approx 30,000$ km²/day). The rest (\approx max. 300 GB/day $\approx 900,000$ km²/day) will be recorded in removal media and shipped back to Earth by cargo ships three or four times a year.

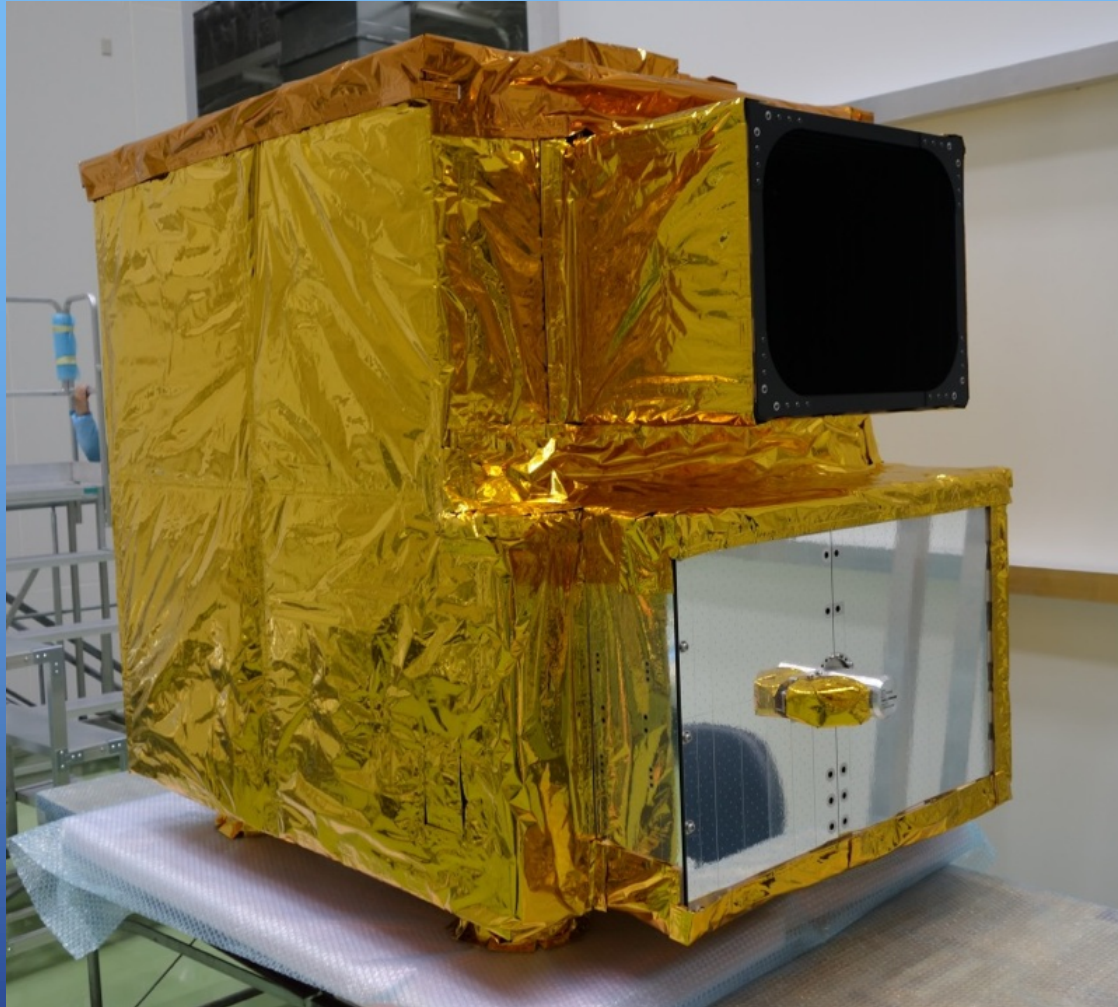
**Priority
downlink**

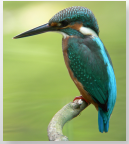


HISUI Flight Model

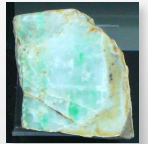


6

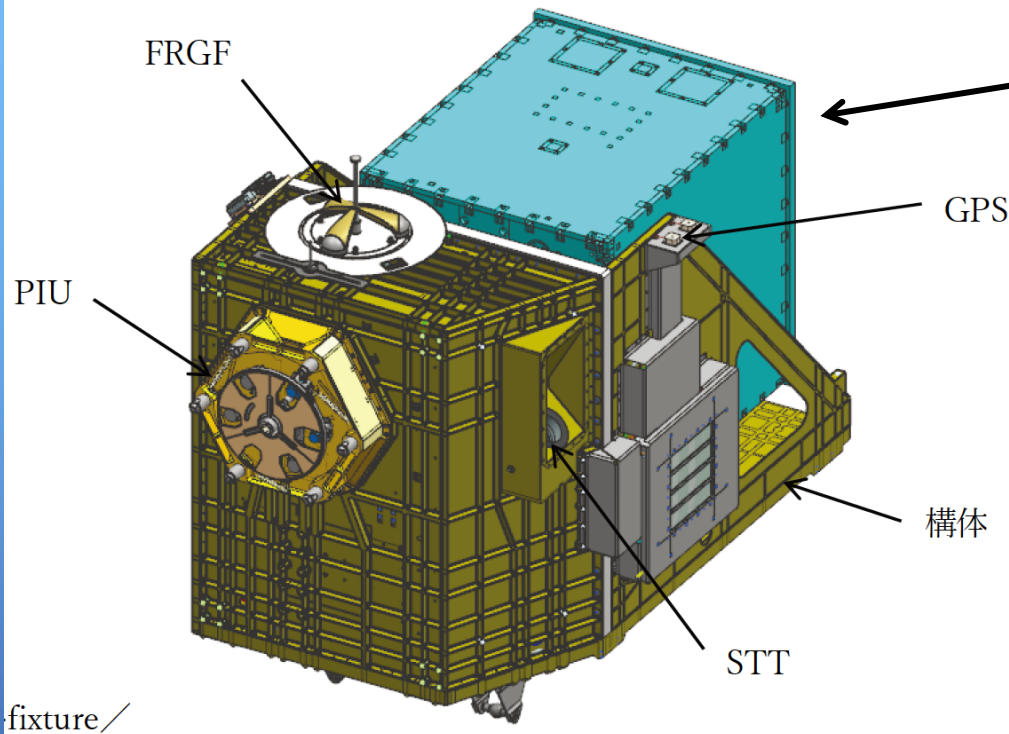




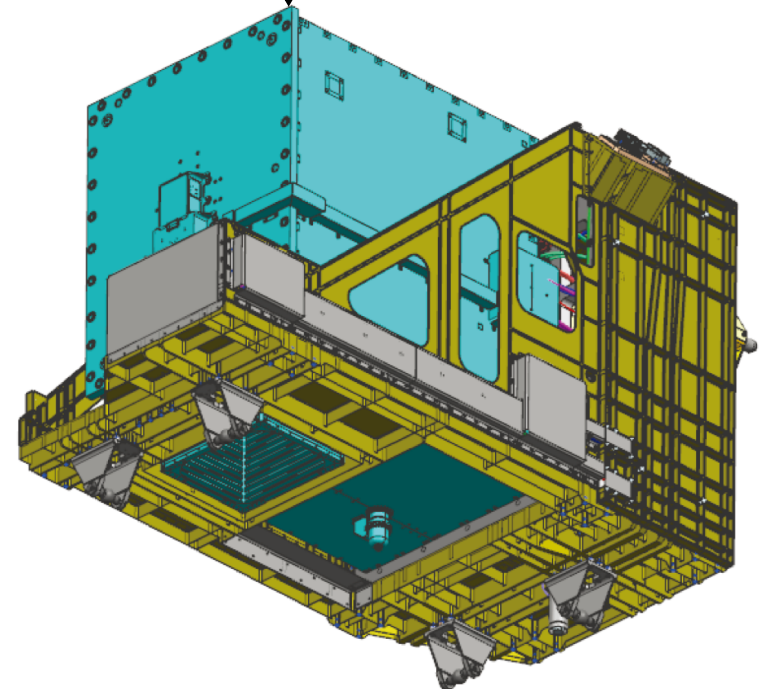
HISUI Exposed Payload (HISUI-ExP)



7



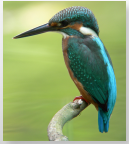
HISUI Spectrometer



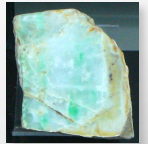
FRGF : Flight Releasable Grapple Fixture

PIU : Payload Interface Unit

STT : Star Tracker

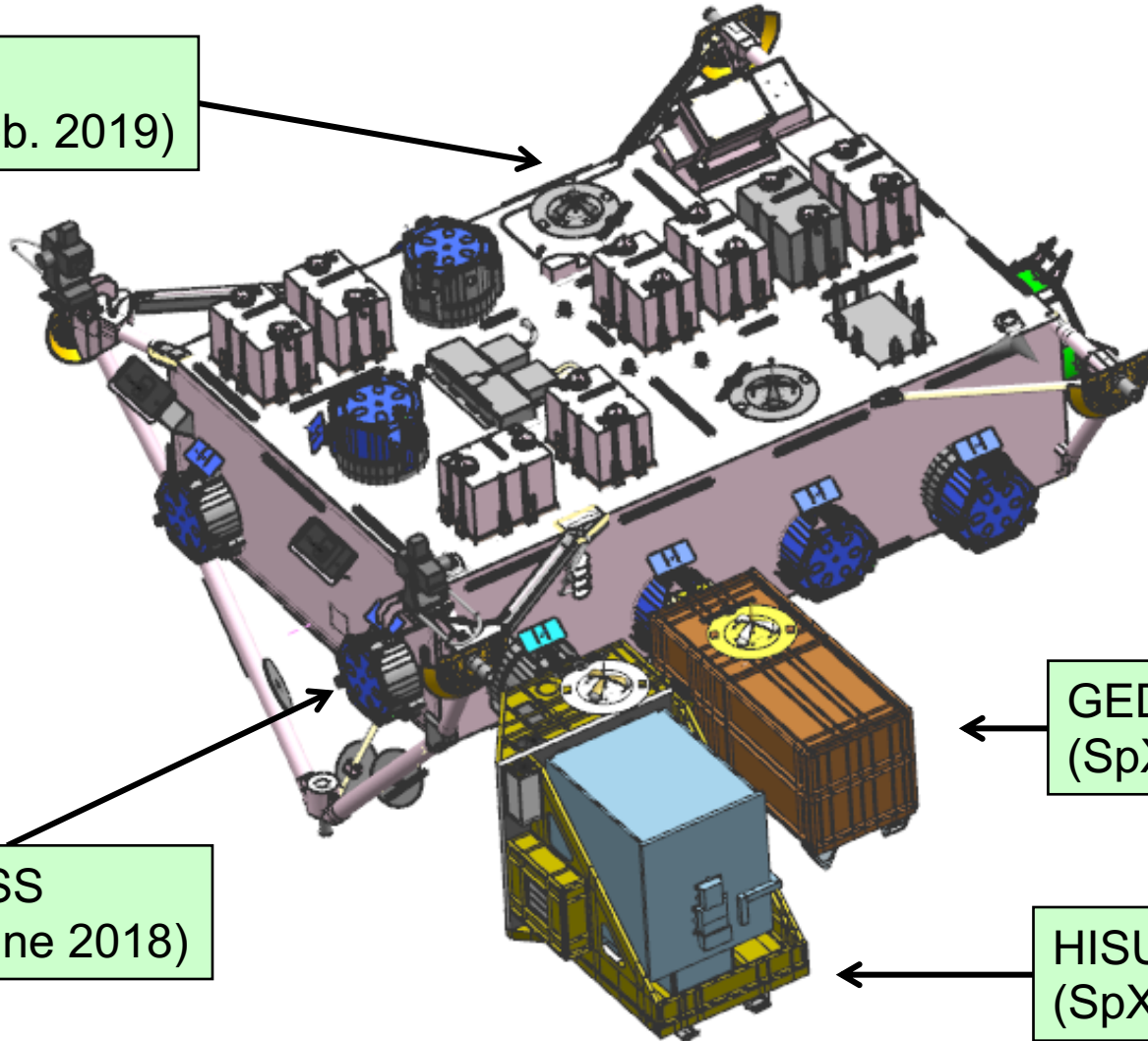


HISUI ExP Attached to Port 8 of JEM EF



8

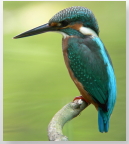
OCO-3?
(SpX-17, Feb. 2019)



ECOSTRESS
(SpX-15, June 2018)

GED
(SpX-18, Dec. 2018)

HISUI
(SpX-20, Jan. 2020)



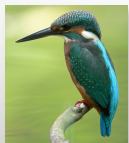
HISUI Product List as of July, 2018



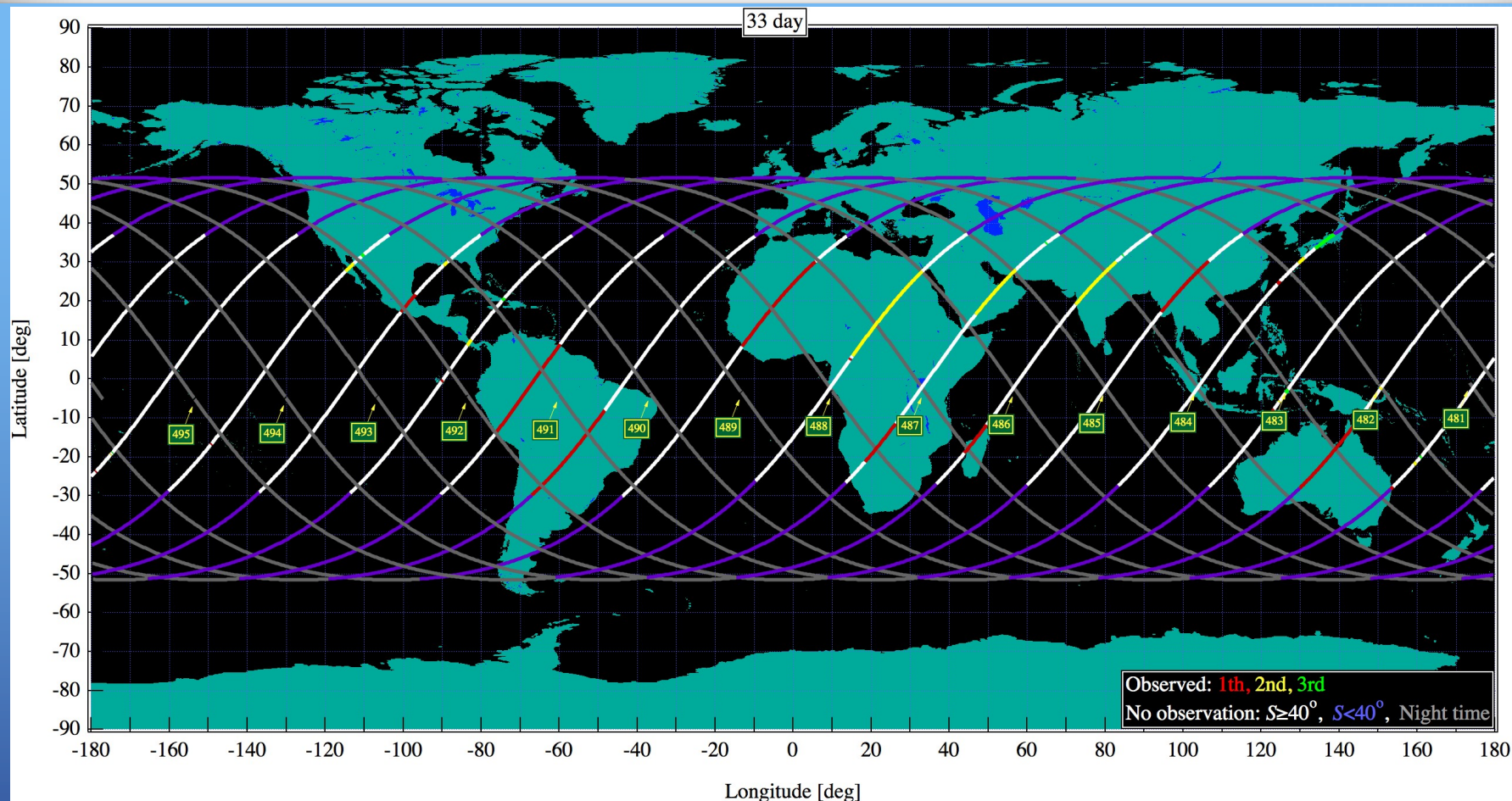
9

Name (Format)	Description	
Level 0	Raw data	
Level 1A (TIFF)	Raw DN product with all radiometric calibration coefficients. Spatial resampling is not applied.	
Level 1R (TIFF)	Top-of-atmosphere spectral radiance product. Spatial resampling is not applied.	
Level 1G (GeoTIFF)	Geometrically corrected / orthorectified top-of-atmosphere spectral radiance product. Parallax correction, keystone property, and spectral continuity between VNIR and SWIR spectrometers are considered.	
Level 2 (TBD)	Atmospherically corrected surface spectral reflectance product generated from L1G with QA information. This is Science Product for research purpose and not validated.	

* Cloud statistical data are attached to L1 and L2 products.

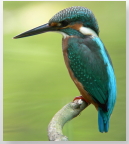


Example of One-day Observation of HISUI

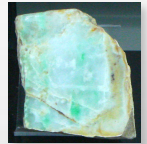


15 orbit/day, 8 minute/orbit (≈ 3600 km/orbit), and
3 segment/orbit (1st segment, 2nd segment, and 3rd segment)

(Source : 2017/10/13)



HISUI 3-year Operation Simulation with 200 targets, Priority region, and Global mapping, Using MODIS Cloud Statistics



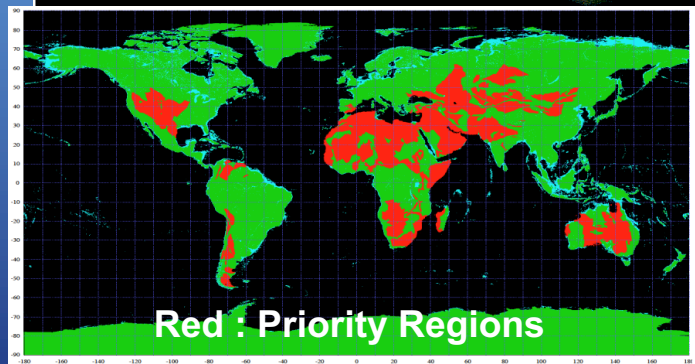
11

Number of Cloud-free Observation

3 years

Cloud-free observation

- 1 time ■ 2 times
- No cloud-free observation
- No planned observation



Red : Priority Regions

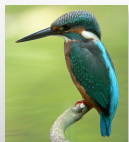


Cloud-free coverage in three years :

Priority Regions $\approx 65 \Rightarrow 85 \Rightarrow 92 \%$

Global Mapping $\approx 48 \Rightarrow 67 \Rightarrow 76 \%$

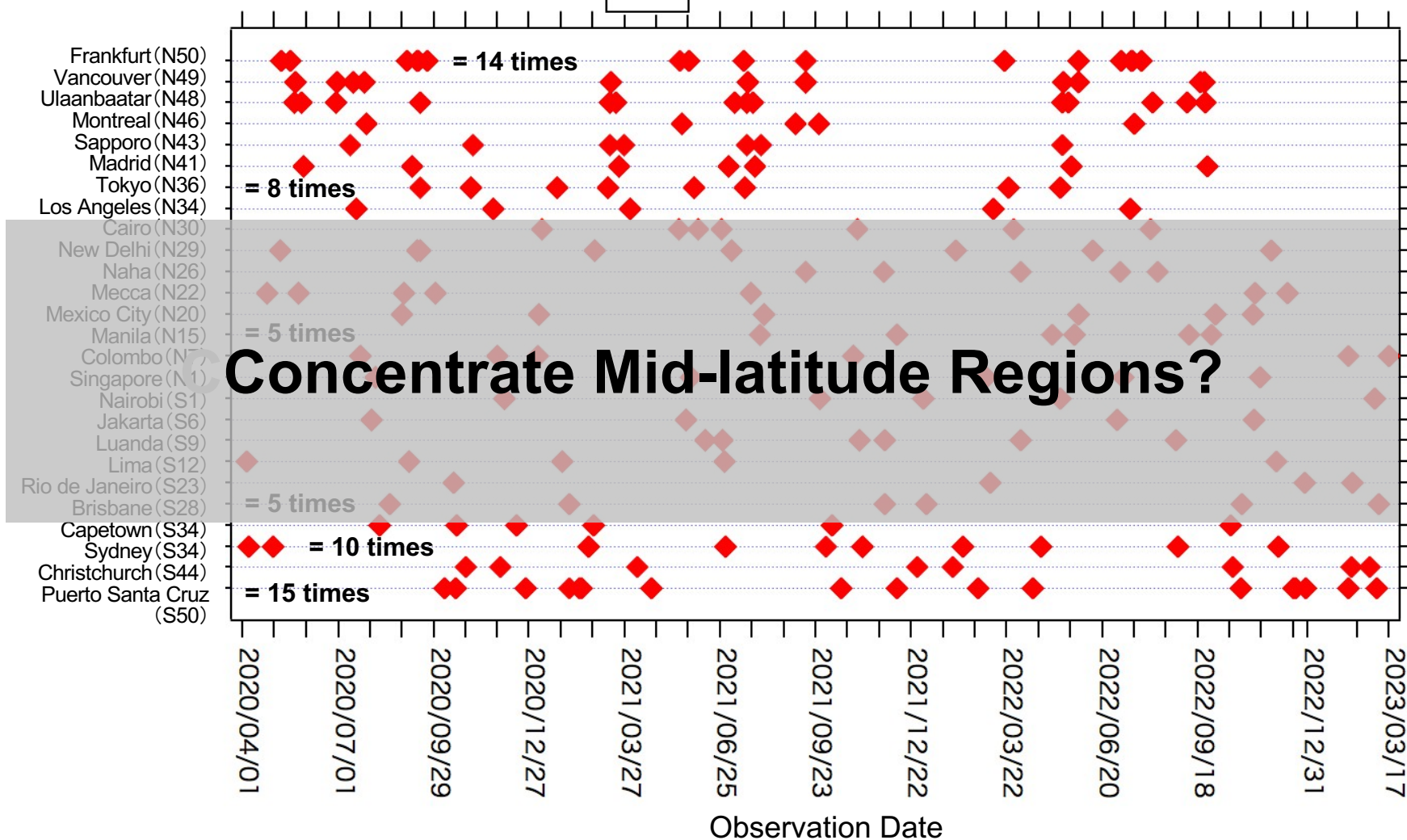
(Source : 180724)

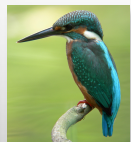


HISUI Observation Opportunities of Large Cities in Three Years (Solar Elevation $\geq 30^\circ$)

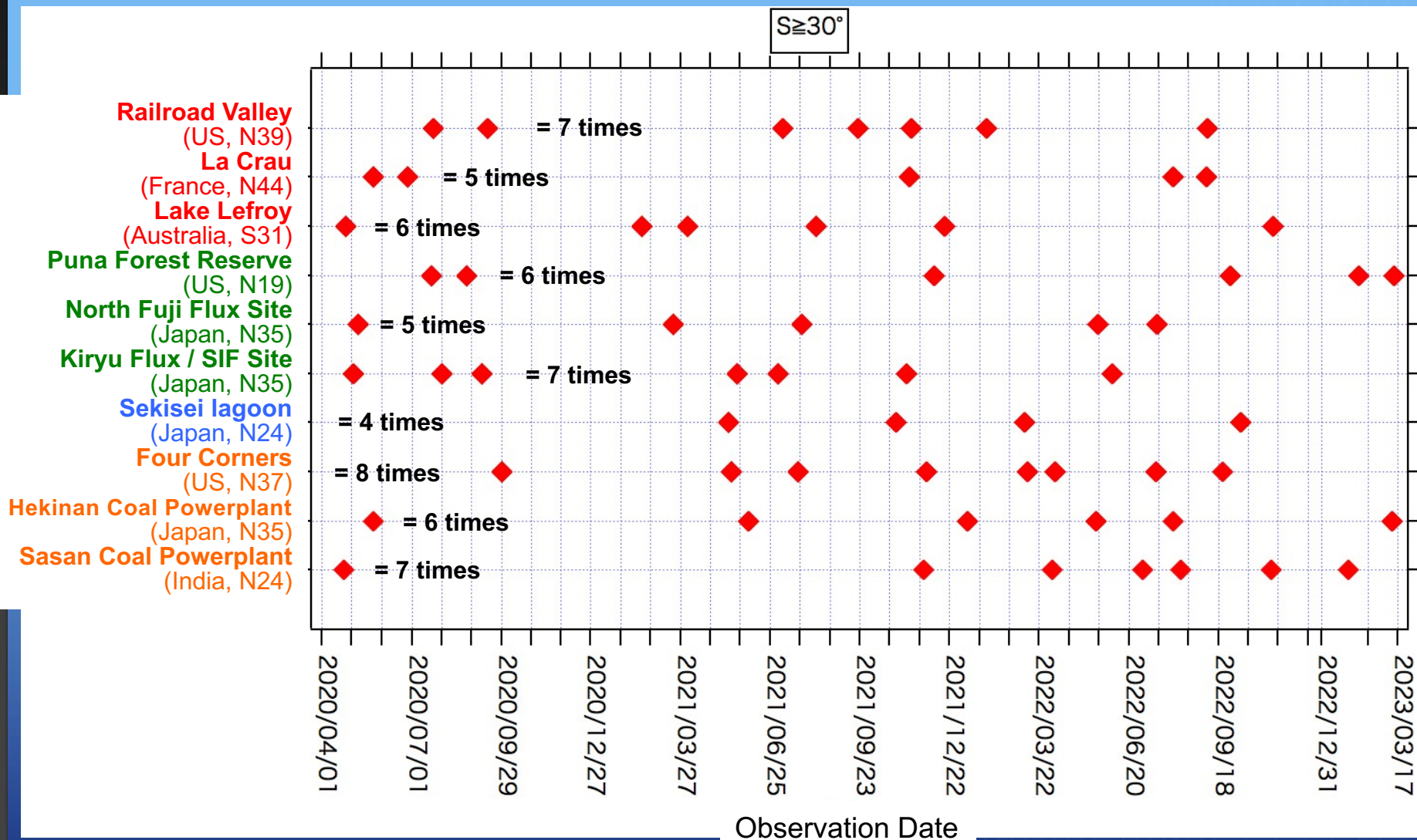


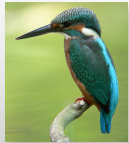
$S \geq 30^\circ$





HISUI Observation Opportunities of Important Sites in Three Years (Solar Elevation $\geq 30^\circ$)





Other Earth Observing Instruments onboard ISS around 2020



14

ECOSTRESS :

Measure **the temperature of plants** and use that information to better understand how much water plants need and how they respond to stress. Launched in June 2018

DESIS :

Provide **VNIR hyperspectral data with high spectral resolution (2.3 nm)**. One of instruments attached to MUSES. Launched in June 2018

GEDI :

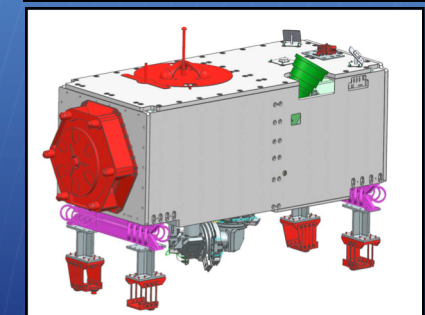
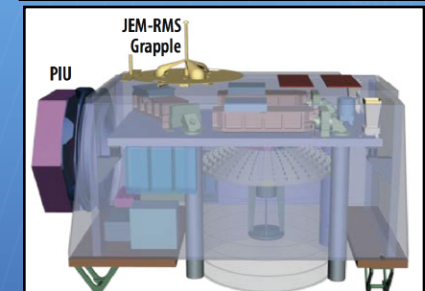
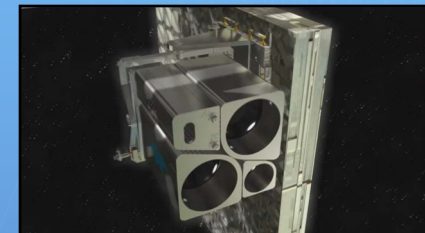
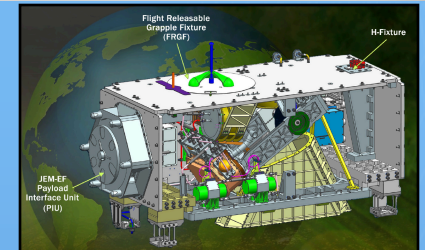
Provide the first global, high-resolution observations of **forest vertical structure** using a lidar. To be launched in Dec. 2018

OCO-3 :

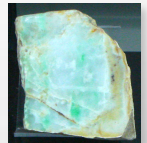
Investigate the distribution of **atmospheric carbon dioxide** and **Fluorescence from terrestrial vegetation**. To be launched in February 2019.

Other missions:

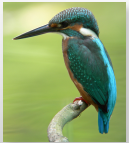
NASA's EMIT (2024) and JAXA's lidar, MOLI (FY2021-)



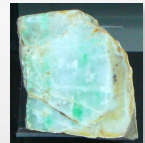
Operation Periods of ECOSTRESS, DESIS, GEDI, OCO-3, and HISUI



Design lifetime of DESIS and OCO-3 are 5 and 3 years, respectively.



Ideas for Collaborations with Other Missions



- **HISUI and DESIS**

- Radiometric and spectral calibration in VNIR (DLR - JSS discussion started)
- Joint observation for high temporal resolution of VNIR hyperspectral data.

- **HISUI and ECOSTRESS**

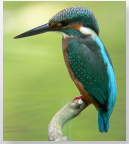
- ECOSTRESS ET and HISUI vegetation parameters (e.g. PRI)
May give answers to some of CQs?
- High temperature targets at night
(Spectral region : HISUI = SWIR, ECOSTRESS = TIR)

- **HISUI and GEDI**

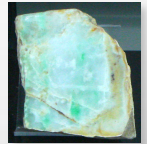
- GEDI biomass and HISUI vegetation parameters (e.g. LAI)
Simultaneous observation required?

- **HISUI and OCO-3**

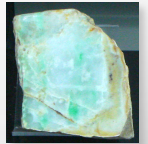
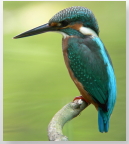
- Radiometric calibration at 0.765 μm , 1.61 μm , and 2.06 μm .
- OCO-3 SIF and HISUI vegetation parameters (e.g. PRI)
- CO₂ point sources
(Pixel size: HISUI = 20 x 30 m, OCO-3 = 1.8 x 2.2 km)



HISUI Research Announcement and Data Policy



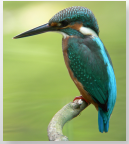
- HISUI Research Announcement (Ver 2.0) was issued in November 2017. Proposals from overseas users will be accepted from April 2019 (TBR).
Contact : hisui_application@jspacesystems.or.jp
 - For collaborating organizations / missions and research announcement investigators, priority observation*, priority downlink, and data distribution for their requested areas will be given for free.
- *One AOI is about 10 x 10 km. Requests for multiple AOIs and for multiple observation of AOIs are acceptable.
- The archived HISUI data will be provided for free to other science users with some conditions (e.g. submission of reports to HISUI Project).
 - The data policy for commercial users is not finalized yet.



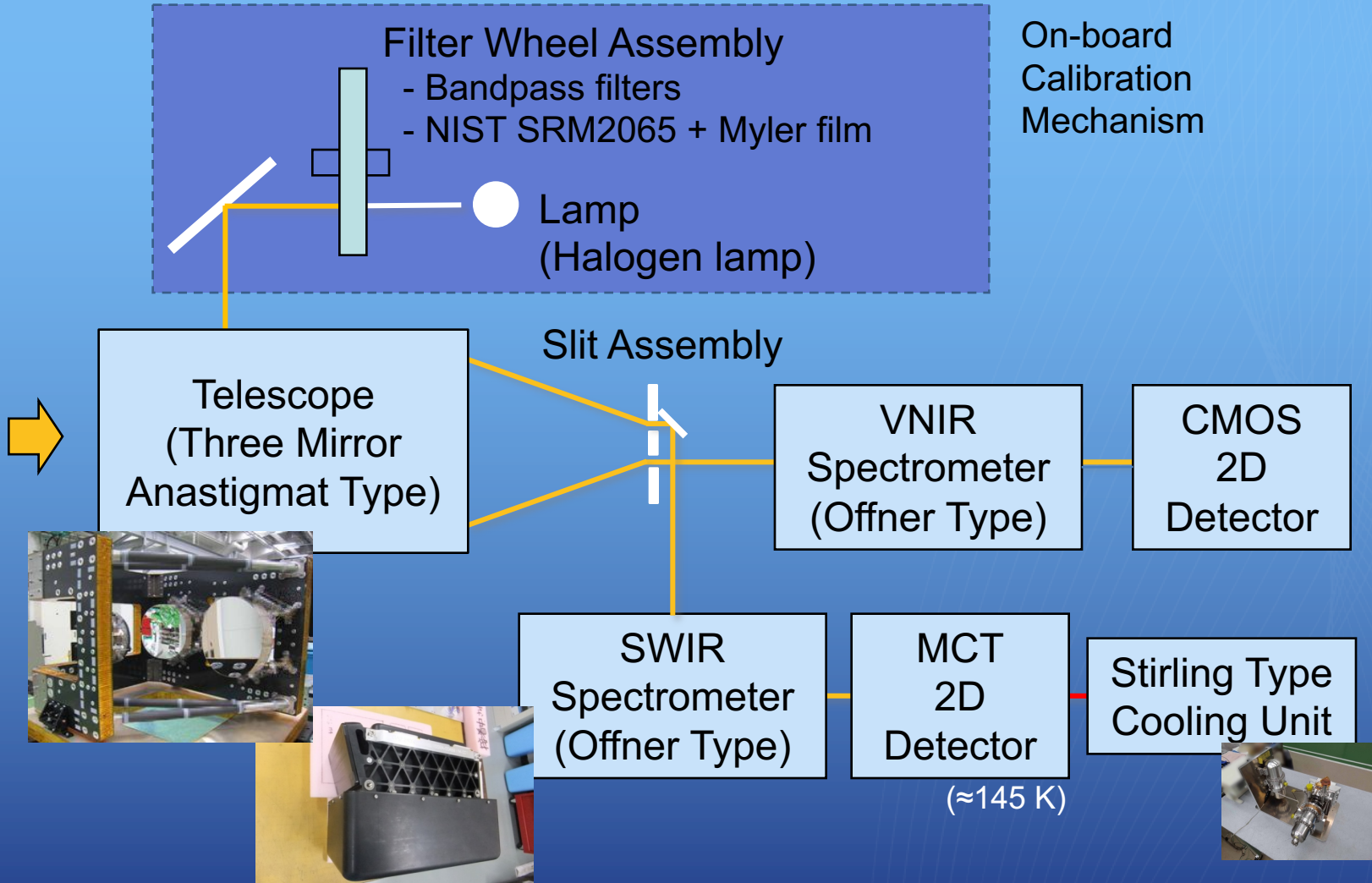
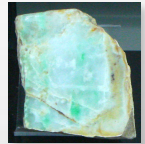
Thank you

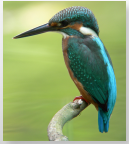
Contact : matsunag@nies.go.jp

Contact for Research Annoucement :
hisui_application@jspacesystems.or.jp

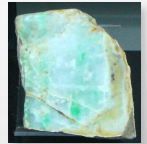


Optical Diagram of HISUI Hyperspectral Imager





HISUI Long-term (3 years) Operation Simulation Setup



20

Cloud assessment and HISUI observation rescheduling

