



### **Objectives, Overview and Update**



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# HyspIRI



#### Key Science and Science Applications

**Climate:** Ecosystem biochemistry, condition & feedback; spectral albedo; carbon/dust on snow/ice; biomass burning; evapotranspiration

**Ecosystems:** *Global* biodiversity, plant functional types, physiological condition, and biochemistry including agricultural lands

**Fires:** Fuel status; fire frequency, severity, emissions, and patterns of recovery *globally* 

**Coral reef and coastal habitats:** *Global* composition and status **Volcanoes:** Eruptions, emissions, regional and *global* impact **Geology and resources:** *Global* distributions of surface mineral resources and improved understanding of geology and related hazards

#### **Mission Urgency**

The HyspIRI science and applications objectives are critical today and uniquely addressed by the combined imaging spectroscopy, thermal infrared measurements, and IPM

direct broadcast. Ecosystems



#### Measurement

#### Imaging Spectrometer (VSWIR)

- 380 to 2500nm in ≤10nm band
- 60 m spatial sampling\*
- 19 days revisit\*
- Global land and shallow water Thermal Infrared (TIR):
- 8 bands between 4-12 µm
- 60 m spatial sampling
- 5 days revisit; day/night
- Global land and shallow water

IPM-Low Latency data subsets





### **Mission Concept Status**

Level 1 Measurement Requirements: Vetted by community and stable

**Payload: VSWIR** Imaging Spectrometer, **TIR** multi-spectral radiometer, and **Intelligent Payload Module (IPM) Full Mission original option:** Mature

Separate Small Mission option: Pegasus-based solutions identified and studied

\*SLI Support: HyspIRI VSWIR evolving to 30m at 185km swath ECOSTRESS TIR: Selected EVI for ISS VSWIR Dyson Option: Technology/Science ISS Demonstration Summary: The HyspIRI mission measurement requirements and baseline instruments approach are mature and stable with good heritage, low risk and modest cost. Now exploring a range of instrument and data options to save cost and provide near-term products, per guidance letter.



## **Workshop Objectives**



- Review Advances of Past Year
  - Comprehensive Report on past 6 years of HyspIRI pre-formulation activities
  - Smallsat studies for VSWIR and TIR
  - Preparatory Airborne Mission Science and L2 Product Development
  - Other Science (e.g., Dimensions of Biodiversity, COMEX, HASG, Snow/Ice)
  - ECOSTRESS
  - VSWIR Spectrometer on Space Station Study
  - Intelligent Payload Module
  - Results from AVIRIS-ng, HyTES, PRISM
- Plan for 2015
- Consider preparations for next Decadal Survey



### HyspIRI Airborne Preparatory Mission 3 Seasonal Flights Over 5 Boxes/Soda Straw in 2013 and 2014 To Simulate HyspIRI Satellite Imagery

ER-2	AVIRIS	AVIRIS	MASTER	MASTER
Altitude	Resolution	Swath	Resolution	Swath
65,000 ft	20 m	12 km	50 m	35 km





#### PI TEAM:

Wendy Calvin/University of Nevada - Reno Matthew Clark/Sonoma State University Bo-Cai Gao/Naval Research Laboratory Bernard Hubbard/U. S. Geological Survey Darrel Jenerette/University of California, Riverside Thomas Kampe/NEON Raphael Kudela/University of California, Santa Cruz Ira Leifer/University of California, Santa Barbara Shunlin Liang/University of Maryland Paul Moorcroft/Harvard University Dar Roberts/University of California, Santa Barbara Philip Townsend/University of Wisconsin-Madison Susan Ustin/University of California, Davis Jan van Aardt/Rochester Institute of Technology



### 2014 Guidance Memo



- 1. Continue to build broad community understanding and support through workshops and data symposia
- 2. Complete the science white paper specifying the value of the individual science measurements and the potential science return of individual instruments on separate platforms, including the ISS, if appropriate
- 3. Use the planned airborne activities and resulting data to generate HyspIRI-like Level 2 data products (e.g., large-area 60m data sets providing surface reflectance, surface temperature and surface emissivity) to define the instrument capabilities and explore high-volume data management issues related to the HyspIRI VSWIR and TIR instruments
- 4. Carry out instrument mission trade studies, including smallsat and ISS opportunities, to provide lower cost and more adaptable instrument and/or mission approaches
- 5. Explore options to ensure the HyspIRI VSWIR and TIR instruments meet the Sustainable Land Imaging measurement requirement, including compatibility with heritage data product resolution
- 6. Engage potential international and domestic partners in opportunities to lower the cost of a potential mission while maintaining Level 1 mission requirements
- 7. Support the Earth Systematic Missions (ESM) Systems Engineering Working Group (SEWG) studies on TRL definition and instrument cost studies
- 8. Complete comprehensive development report of the HyspIRI mission study activities



### **The Next Decadal Survey**





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